Peterson Investment Fund I, LP

An Undervalued Portfolio Hedge

VALUEx Klosters, Switzerland 2018

Peterson Capital Management, LLC

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Current State of Markets | 2

We see a shift toward risk taking behavior and less risk avoidance.

WHAT DO WE KNOW?

- Global Markets at All Time Highs (S&P 500 ~2,700)
- Interest Rates Artificially Low (US 10-Yr 2.3%)
- Shiller PE Ratio at second highest ever recorded (32)
- Buffett Valuation Indicator: Total Equity Market Capitalization divided by GDP highest since 2000 (140%)
- Negative ECB Interest Rates and EU High Yield Index under 2.5%
- Argentina Issued 7% 100 Year Bonds (8 Defaults in under 200 Years)
- Cryptocurrency mania in effect (Bitcoin, Litecoin, and Ethereum up 2,000%, 3,000% and 5,000% respectively)
- Lowest Volatility since before 1990 (VIX 9.6)

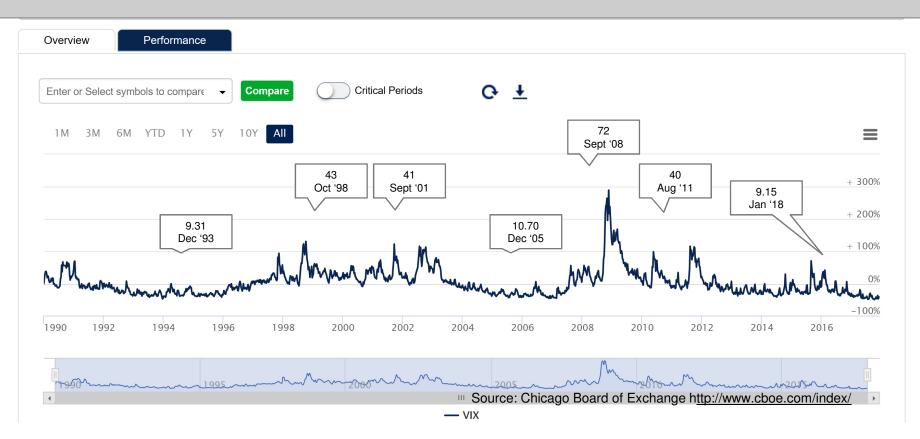
WHAT DO WE NOT KNOW?

- Macroeconomic Forecasting
- Market Timing

The S&P 500 is up over 400% in under 9 years since March 2009, it is prudent to position yourself to thrive through the next bear market.

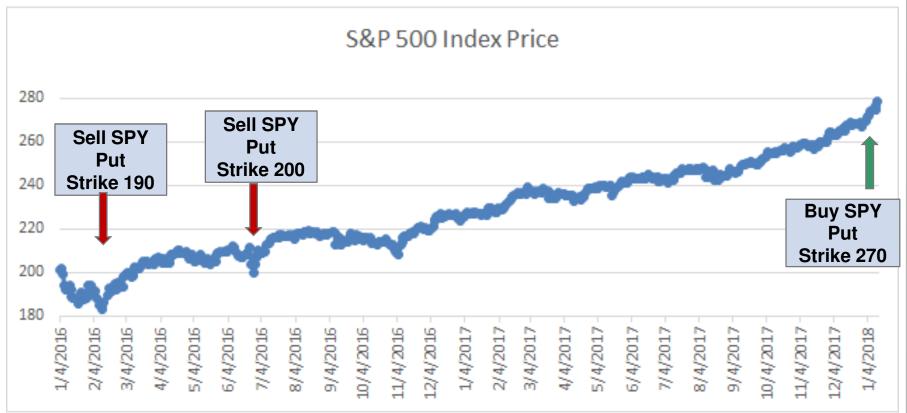
Today, volatility (VIX) is at one of its lowest points in at least 28 years.

Volatility is cheap. The lowest volatility in decades provides a unique opportunity for a low cost hedge using multi-year put contracts.



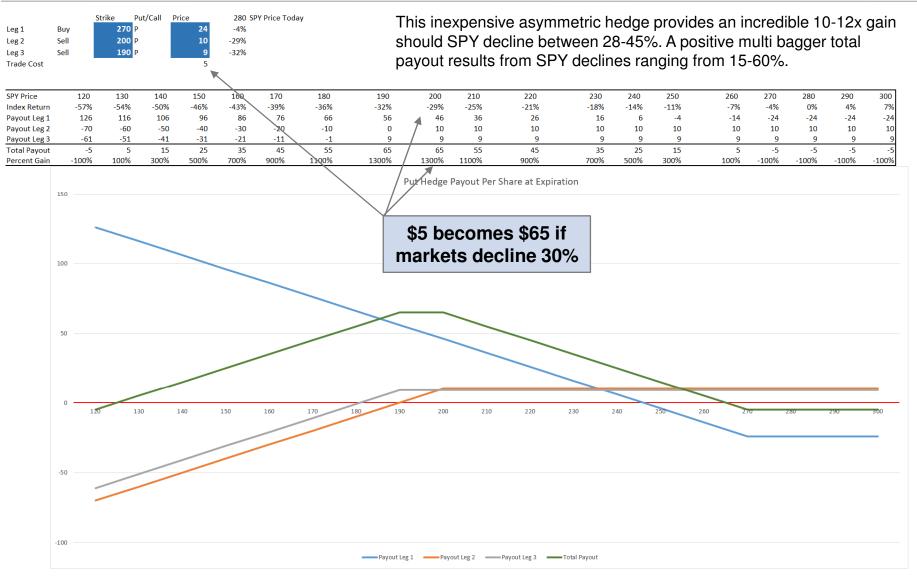
How can one take advantage of high equity prices with low volatility?

- Buy one 5% out-of-the-money put for protection
- Sell one 30% out-of-the-money put and one 35% out-of-the-money put to help pay for the protection



To avoid timing the next bear market, one can use long term LEAPS contracts. Contracts used today expire in January of 2020. On January 22, contracts will be available for December 2020.

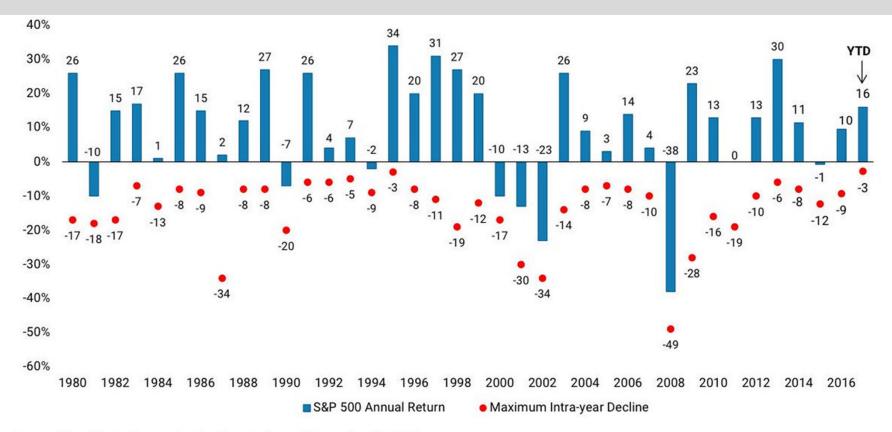
December 2020 Put Spread Hedge Payout Model



Undervalued Hedge Opportunity | 6

Historical S&P 500 annual returns and drawdowns since 1980

In an analysis of 37 years, annual intra-year drawdowns have exceeded 30% 4 times. 2008 was the only full year with an annual loss greater than 35%.



Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research as of November 21, 2017.

Position sizing has major return implications and the Kelly criterion can be used to optimize capital compounding

	Kelly % = W – [(1-V	V)/R]
What percent of my bankroll should I allocate to a hedge?	 W (win) = Number of Positive Outcome Trades / Total Trades R (gain / loss ratio) = Total Positive Trade Amounts / Total Negative Trade Amounts 	
	Observations	 Drawdown > 30% in 4 of 37 years Drawdown >15% in 13 of last 37 years Multiyear index declines/drawdowns have reached nearly 50%
	Assumptions	 Repeatable opportunity if volatility remains low We are likely to experience another drawdown sometime within next 5 or 10 years
	Conclusions	 With wide assumptions, Kelly states 6% average portfolio allocation. Half Kelly at 3% (300 bps) is a wise allocation. Allocating 100 bps yearly to a multi-year position, one can build into 300 bps over 3 years, creating 40% portfolio upside in a crisis